### **TEST 1:** Introduction

Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

| 1a) | What is commerce?  | (02marks) |
|-----|--|-----------|
| b)  | Mention any eight reasons why commerce is taught in schools                | (16marks) |
|     |  |           |
| 2a) | Distinguish between trade and Aids to trade                                | (06marks) |
| b)  | Explain the importance of the Seven Aids to trade                          | (14marks) |
|     |  |           |
| 3a) | What is meant by the term business?  | (03marks) |
| b)  | Make a diagrammatical representation of the branches of commerce (17marks) |           |
|     |  |           |
| 4a) | Distinguish between human needs and human wants                            | (04marks) |
| b)  | State any four characteristics of human wants                              | (08marks) |
| c)  | Explain any four types of goods you know                                   | (08marks) |

**END** 

## **TEST 2:** Production & Specialization

# Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

| 1a) | What is production?  | (02marks) |
|-----|--|-----------|
| b)  | Explain any four types of utility  | (08marks) |
| c)  | With examples, give the <b>two</b> types of production                   | (04marks) |
|     |  |           |
| 2a) | What is specialization?  | (02marks) |
| b)  | State the <b>three</b> levels of production                              | (03marks) |
| c)  | Explain the <b>five</b> factors of production giving the reward for each | (15marks) |
|     |  |           |
| 3a) | Explain the <b>three</b> types of labour                                 | (06marks) |
| b)  | Mention the factors which influence labour efficiency                    | (14marks) |
|     |  |           |
| 4a) | Explain any five forms of specialization                                 | (10marks) |
| b)  | State the advantages of specialization                                   | (10marks) |

#### TEST 3: Consumption & Location & Localization

Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

b)

Distinguish between demand and supply 1a) (04marks) Explain the factors which affect the consumer's decision to buy a commodity in b) the market (16marks) Differentiate between localization and delocalization of industries (04marks) 2a) State the disadvantages of localization of industries (16marks) b) What is location of an industry? 3a) (02marks) Advise an entrepreneur who wants to establish a sugar making industry on the b) factors he should put into consideration (18marks) Give any **five** advantages of delocalization of industries (10marks) 4a) Outline any **five** advantages of localization of industries (10marks)

### TEST 4: Wholesale Trade & terms of sale

### Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

| 1a) | What is wholesale trade?  | (02marks)      |
|-----|---|----------------|
| b)  | Outline any four features of wholesaling                          | (04marks)      |
| c)  | Mention the services offered by a wholesaler to the producer      | (14marks)      |
|     |   |                |
| 2a) | Give any five types of wholesalers                                | (10marks)      |
| b)  | Under what circumstance may a wholesaler be eliminated?           | (10marks)      |
|     |   |                |
| 3a) | Distinguish between hire purchase and deferred payment            | (04marks)      |
| b)  | State any four advantages and four disadvantages of hire purchase | e to the buyer |
|     |   | (16marks)      |
| 4a) | Distinguish a bill of exchange and a promissory note              | (04marks)      |
| b)  | Outline any six features of bills of exchange                     | (05marks)      |
| c)  | State any five advantages of a bill of exchange to a trader       | (10marks)      |

### **TEST 5:** International trade

Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

| la) | Mention any five factors which give rise to international trade           | (10marks)                      |  |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|--|
| )   | Give reasons why countries participate in foreign trade                   | (10marks)                      |  |
|     |   |                                |  |
| 2a) | What tools are used by the government to control the volume of i          | mports                         |  |
|     |   | (10marks)                      |  |
| o)  | Why do countries limit the volume of imports entering their front         | orts entering their frontiers? |  |
|     |   | (10marks)                      |  |
| 3a) | Give the differences between home and foreign trade                       | (10marks)                      |  |
| )   | What are the limitations to international trade?                          | (10marks)                      |  |
|     |   |                                |  |
| 4a) | Give reasons why Uganda joined the East Africa Community                  | (10marks)                      |  |
| )   | What is being done by the government of Uganda to promote regional trade? |                                |  |
|     |   | (10marks)                      |  |

#### TEST 6: Co-operatives and marketing boards & consumer protection

Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

b)

Distinguish between commodity marketing boards and produce marketing 1a) boards (04marks) b) Mention the functions of marketing boards in Uganda today (16marks) State any five principles of co-operative societies (10marks) 2a) What problems are faced by marketing boards in Uganda today (10marks) b) 3a) Differentiate between consumer co-operative society and producer co-operative society (04marks) State any eight advantages of consumer co-operative societies b) (16marks) Why do consumers need protection? (10marks) 4a)

Mention any five ways used by the government to protect consumers (10marks)

#### TEST 7: Money & banking

Attempt all questions

1 ½ hours

What are the functions performed by Bank of Uganda? 1a) (10marks) State the tools used by bank of Uganda to control money in circulation b) (10marks) What factors are considered by a bank manager before giving a loan to a 2a) (10marks) customer? b) State the features of a current account (10marks) 3a) Mention any **five** means of payments used by commercial banks (10marks) What are the advantages of paying by cheque (10marks) b) State the functions of money (10marks) 4a) b) Under what circumstances may a cheque be referred to the drawer (10marks)

**END**